PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty) 27 SEP 2005

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

		(I O I AI GOR	so and Ruje /	(1) William Sandamarian and Assessment	
Applicant's or agent's ZI-22267wo	file reference	FOR FURTHE	R ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416	
International applicati PCT/CH2004/000	on No. 655	International filing of 29.10.2004	date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 30.10.2003	
International Patent C A61K9/20, A61K3	lassification (IPC) or a 1/192	national classification a	ind IPC		
Applicant ROCHE CONSUM	MER HEALTH AG	i et al.			
2. This REPORT	consists of a total	of 7 sheets, including	g this cover sheet.	this International Preliminary Examining e 36.	
3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising: a. sent to the applicant and to the International Bureau) a total of sheets, as follows: sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Bule 70 dec.)					
Adr □ she	ninistrative Instruct ets which superser	ions). Io carlier abouts the	La transport	n amended and are the basis of this report (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the ensiders contain an amendment that goes andicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the	
b. (sent to	the International B	ureau only) a total of		nber of electronic carrier(s)) containing a	
4. This report cont	ains indications rel	ating to the following	items:		
Box No. I	Basis of the opin				
☐ Box No. II	Priority				
☐ Box No. III	Non-establishme	nt of opinion with re	Tard to novelte in	e step and industrial applicability	
☐ Box No. IV	Lack of unity of ir	vention	gard to novelty, inventiv	e step and industrial applicability	
⊠ Box No. V	Reasoned staten applicability; citat	nent under Article 35 ions and explanation	(2) with regard to novel as supporting such state	ty, inventive step or industrial	
☐ Box No. VI	Certain documen	ts cited	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
☐ Box No. VII	Certain defects in	the international ap	plication		
☐ Box No. VIII	Certain observation	ons on the internatio	nal application		
Date of submission of the	demand		Dota of a state		
			Date of completion of t	his report	
7.05.2005			26.09.2005		
ame and mailing address of the international reliminary examining authority:			Authorized Officer		
European Patent Office				of State of Patenting	
D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 enmu d			Baumgärtner, H		
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International application No. PCT/CH2004/000655

-	E	Box No. I Basis of the report				
1	 I. V	Vith regard to the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was led, unless otherwise indicated under this item.				
		This report is based on translations from the original language into the following language, which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of				
		 □ international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) □ publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4) □ international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3) 				
2	. W ha re	It to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):				
	De	escription, Pages				
	1-	as originally filed				
	Cli	aims, Numbers				
	1-4	as originally filed				
	Dra	awings, Sheets				
	1/2	-2/2 as originally filed				
		a sequence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing				
3.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: ☐ the description, pages				
		the claims, Nos. the drawings, sheets/figs				
		the sequence listing (specify):				
	_	any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):				
4.	had	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below plemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).				
		the description, pages the claims, Nos.				
		the drawings, sheets/figs the sequence listing (specify):				
		☐ any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):				
;	*	If item 4 applies, some or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."				

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

2-40

No:

Claims

2-40 1, 41

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-41

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-41

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Re. item V

subject-matter

- Cl. 1 non-effervescent tablet for oral administration of sodium naproxen
- d37 specific composition sodium naproxen - NaHCO3 - MC/croscarmellose talc - Mg stearate
- Cl. 41 process for producing a non-effervescent tablet for oral administration

The following documetns are referred to:

D1 US6165506 A 20001226 ELAN PHARMA INT LTD

Solid dose nanoparticulate naproxen formulation having a high rate of dissolution comprises:

- (a) naproxen having an effective average particle size of less than 600 nm;
- (b) a surface modifier adsorbed on the surface of (a); and
- (c) an **alkali agent to increase the dissolution rate** of the nanoparticulate naproxen following administration where the formulation is prepared by having a surface stabilizer adsorbed on nanoparticulate naproxen composition surface, followed by drying the nanoparticules, an alkali agent is then added and the mixture is compressed to form a solid dose formulation (claim 1)

The composition of claim 1, wherein the alkali agent is selected from the group consisting of sodium bicarbonate and potassium bicarbonate (claim 3)

D2 US5034416 A 19910723 SMITH H J
Composition comprises (a) a carboxylic acid or one of its salts of either Ibuprofen,

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Indomethacin, Diflunisal and Naproxen, and (b) a one to five molar excess of a bicarbonate or carbonate (cf. ex. 13/col.5)

D3 US6284274 B1 20010904 ALZA CORP

Dosage form for **delivering analgesics** comprises sodium, calcium or potassium carboxymethylcellulose, **alkali metal (bi)carbonate**, **alkaline earth (bi)carbonate**, hydroxypropyl(methyl)cellulose in specified amounts

Claim 4: A bilayer tablet comprising a **first layer comprising 50 ng to 1,000 mg of a non-opiate analgesic** selected from the group consisting of alfentanil, ketoprofen, buprenorphine, butorphanol, fentanyl, meperidine, methadone, nalbuphine, propoxyphene, natrexone, pentazocine, sufentanil, acetaminophen, aspirin, **ibuprofen, and naproxen** [...] and **second layer** possessing aqueous-fluid imbibing property comprising 30 to 225 mg of a carboxymethylcellulose of 75,000 to 2,500,000 molecular weight, 25 to 150 mg of a member selected from the group consisting of lithium carbonate, sodium carbonate, potassium carbonate, lithium bicarbonate, **sodium bicarbonate**, **potassium bicarbonate**, and **magnesium bicarbonate** [...]

D4 WO02083105 A2 20021024

Pharmaceutical composition useful for the treatment of inflammation comprises a non-steroidal antiinflammatory active agent, a disintegrating agent and an anti-precipitation agent

Refers to the provision of a composition having enhanced absorption of NSAIDs, which tend, to be poorly water soluble, as well as providing an improved concentration of the drug at the cellular level at the site of its action and envisages to increase the absorption rate of such poorly water-soluble active agents by increasing the disintegration efficiency of the composition in tablet form, by accelerating the time and speed of the tablet disintegrating into molecules in solution, and by increasing the speed by which active agent is available in solution for absorption (p.3/l.23-29).

NSAIDs (or aspirin-like drugs) are typically categorized into six structural groups.
[...] The second are the propionic acid derivatives, including, but not limited to, ibuprofen, naproxen, flurbiprofen, ketoprofen, fenoprofen, fenbufen, benoxaprofen and

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suprofen (cf. p.3/I.33-34).

The **compositions** and methods are particularly suited to forming non-aqueous granulations and to **solid non-effervescent dosage forms**

The bicarbonate can be any bicarbonate salt that is pharmaceutically acceptable, preferably sodium or, potassium bicarbonate (p.9/l.31-34).

D5 WO02083110 A2 20021024

Animal model for testing absorption rate of medications, comprises mammal treated with two doses of anti-cholinergic agent

In accordance with one embodiment of the present invention, the composition contains an NSAID, preferably ibuprofen (hereinafter referred to as IB); a disintegration and dissolution agent, such as a bicarbonate, preferably sodium bicarbonate; and an ester of a fatty acid as an anti-precipitation agent. These ingredients are formed into a tablet or solid form, a tablet having enhanced disintegration into particles and subsequently enhanced dissolution of the particles into dispersed molecules in solution. In accordance with the present invention, the bicarbonate is a disintegrator or disintegrating agent that increases the solubility of the NSAID. The anti-precipitant provides an interface between lipid and aqueous phases (i.e., under gastric conditions) and prevents and/or reduces precipitation of the ibuprofen in the gastric environment (page 4/l.4-18).

he bicarbonate can be any bicarbonate salt that is pharmaceutically acceptable, preferably sodium or potassium bicarbonate. The alkali metal carbonate or bicarbonate used in accordance with the present invention may suitably comprise sodium carbonate or bicarbonate or potassium carbonate or bicarbonate either alone or mixed together.

Preferably, the alkali metal comprises sodium, thus sodium bicarbonate and sodium bicarbonate are preferred ingredients. The alkali metal carbonates may be supplied anhydrous or in varying degrees of hydration for example the monohydrate and decahydrate. Any of these forms may be used (page 6/I.30 - page 7/I.4)

Solid **non-effervescent compositions** are preferred compositions of the present invention. The preferred compositions are preferably formed into a tablet.

Formulation 2 (tablet, wet granulation): Ibuprofen 200 g, sodium bicarbonate 80 g, gelucire 15 g, hypromellose 20 g, pre-gelatanized starch 168.4 g; microcrystalline cellulose 84.0 g; sodium croscarmellose 28.0 g; and magnesium stearate 3.0 g. Each tablet weighed 299 mg

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and contained 100 mg ibuprofen (page 13-14, ex. 2/formulation 2)

D6 WO9730699 A2 19970828 BOOTS CO PLC

solid, **non-effervescent**, compressed dosage form comprising: (a) at least 35 wt.% **ibuprofen** medicament; and (b) a **carrier comprising**: (i) a compressible **filler** component combined; with (ii) a **disintegrating component** is characterised in that the carrier material includes an **alkali metal carbonate** or **bicarbonate** in an amount such that the dosage form has a crushing strength of 6.5-15 kP and a **disintegration time of < 10 minutes** (claim 1) example 1/p.20: ibuprofen, micrystalline cellulose, croscarmellose, colloidal silicon dioxide, stearic acid, magnesium stearate

Novelty (i), Inventive Step (ii) und Industrial Applicability (iii) - Art. 33 (1)-(4)

i.

The subject-matter of claim 1 and 41 is not novel in view of D1-D3.

ii.

The problem appears to be the provision of further improved oral naproxen formulations, the improved property of which is mainly due to the reduced disintegration time (cf. description/page 27/l.14)

D1, D4 - D6 are already concerned with the same problem, solving it by adding an alkali metal salt or the like which is discuseed at length to be responsible for the resulting improved disintegration time.

Thus no difference remains between the prior art and the claimed formulation at presence, i.e. the claims do not fulfil the requirements of inventive step.